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NEWS
                 New CAS web site launched
NEWS
         MAY 01
NEWS
      3
         MAY 08
                 CA/CAplus Indian patent publication number format defined
NEWS
      4
         MAY 14
                 RDISCLOSURE on STN Easy enhanced with new search and display
                 fields
NEWS
     5
         MAY 21
                 BIOSIS reloaded and enhanced with archival data
NEWS
      6
         MAY 21
                 TOXCENTER enhanced with BIOSIS reload
NEWS
      7
         MAY 21
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with additional kind codes for German
                 patents
NEWS
         MAY 22
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with IPC reclassification in Japanese
                 patents
NEWS 9
         JUN 27
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with pre-1967 CAS Registry Numbers
                 STN Viewer now available
NEWS 10
         JUN 29
                 STN Express, Version 8.2, now available
NEWS 11
         JUN 29
NEWS 12
         JUL 02
                 LEMBASE coverage updated
NEWS 13
         JUL 02
                 LMEDLINE coverage updated
NEWS 14
         JUL 02
                 SCISEARCH enhanced with complete author names
NEWS 15
         JUL 02
                 CHEMCATS accession numbers revised
NEWS 16
         JUL 02
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with utility model patents from China
NEWS 17
         JUL 16
                 CAplus enhanced with French and German abstracts
NEWS 18
         JUL 18
                 CA/CAplus patent coverage enhanced
NEWS 19
         JUL 26
                 USPATFULL/USPAT2 enhanced with IPC reclassification
NEWS 20
         JUL 30
                 USGENE now available on STN
NEWS 21
         AUG 06
                 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with new experimental property tags
NEWS 22
         AUG 06
                 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds
NEWS 23
         AUG 06
                 FSTA enhanced with new thesaurus edition
NEWS EXPRESS
              29 JUNE 2007: CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.2,
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 05 JULY 2007.
NEWS HOURS
              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS LOGIN
              Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS IPC8
              For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8
```

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=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

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=> d his

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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:14:56 ON 07 AUG 2007

=> b hcap COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 1.41 1.62

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

```
=> e nanopart/ct
E#
     FREQUENCY
                  AT
                          TERM
                          ____
                   - -
E1
             0
                   6
                          NANONEIS/CT
E2
                          NANONEIS HASLEAE/CT
             1
                   6
                      --> NANOPART/CT
E3
             0
             0
                   2
                          NANOPARTICLE/CT
E4
E5
             O
                   2
                          NANOPARTICLE SIZE/CT
         53161
E6
                  16
                          NANOPARTICLES/CT
                          NANOPARTICLES (DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS)/CT
E7
             0
                   2
                   5
                          NANOPARTICLES (L) FERROMAGNETIC/CT
E8
             0
                          NANOPARTICLES (L) NANOCLUSTERS/CT
                   5
             0
E9
                          NANOPARTICLES (L) NANODROPLETS/CT
             0
                   6
E10
                          NANOPARTICLES (L) NANOPOWDERS/CT
                   5
E11
             0
                   2
                          NANOPARTICLES CONTROLLED-RELEASE PHARMACEUTICAL CAPSUL
E12
             0
                          ES/CT
=> e e6+all
         27077
E1
                 BT1 Nanostructures/CT
E2
         61998
                 BT1 Particles/CT
E3
         53161
                    --> Nanoparticles/CT
                      HNTE Valid heading during volume 126 (1997) to present.
                          Particles (L) nano-/CT
E4
                      OLD
E5
                      UF
                           Magnetic nanoparticles/CT
E6
                      UF
                           Nanoparticle/CT
E7
                      UF
                           Nanoscale particle/CT
E8
                      UF
                           Nanoscale particles/CT
E9
                      UF
                           Nanosize particles/CT
                           Nanosized particles/CT
E10
                      UF
                     RT
E11
        192034
                           Drug delivery systems/CT
                     RT
E12
          1431
                           Mesophase/CT
E13
         20074
                     RT
                           Nanocomposites/CT
                     RT
E14
          4702
                           Nanocrystalline metals/CT
E15
         14230
                     RT
                           Nanocrystals/CT
                     RTCS 11-Mercaptoundecanoic acid/CT
******* END *******
=> set autosearch on
SET COMMAND COMPLETED
=> e3+old
         53543 NANOPARTICLES+OLD/CT (2 TERMS)
L1
=> e e13+all
E1
         29936
                 BT1 Composites/CT
E2
         20074
                   --> Nanocomposites/CT
                     HNTE Valid heading during volume 126 (1997) to present.
E3
                      OLD Composites (L) nano-/CT
E4
         35928
                     RT
                           Clusters/CT
E5
                          Hybrid organic-inorganic materials/CT
          5361
                     RT
E6
                     RT
                          Nanoparticles/CT
         53161
F.7
         27077
                     RT
                          Nanostructures/CT
                     RT
E8
          2789
                          Nanotechnology/CT
                     RT
E9
           212
                          Polymer brushes/CT
E10
         12145
                     RT
                           Powder metallurgy/CT
                     RTCS Alumina/CT
E11
                     RTCS Cloisite 30B/CT
E12
E13
                     RTCS Kunipia F/CT
                     RTCS Silicon monocarbide/CT
****** END ******
=> e2+old
         20415 NANOCOMPOSITES+OLD/CT (2 TERMS)
1.2
```

```
=> e Nanocrystalline metals/CT
E#
     FREQUENCY
                  AT
                          TERM
- -
     _____
                  _ _
                          ____
E1
             0
                   2
                         NANOCRYSTALLINE ALLOYS/CT
          4424
                  10
                         NANOCRYSTALLINE MATERIALS/CT
E2
E3
          4702
                  13 --> NANOCRYSTALLINE METALS/CT
F.4
             0
                   2
                         NANOCRYSTALLINE METALS AND ALLOYS/CT
            49
                   2
                         NANOCRYSTALLITES/CT
E5
E6
            88
                   2
                         NANOCRYSTALLIZATION/CT
E7
         14230
                  17
                         NANOCRYSTALS/CT
             0
                         NANOCRYSTN./CT
E8
                   1
             0
                   9
                         NANODEA/CT
E9
                         NANODEA MUSCOSA/CT
E10
                   9
             1
                         NANODENDRON/CT
E11
             0
                   1
             0
                         NANODES/CT
E12
                   1
=> e e3+all
         19090
                     BT2 Materials/CT
E1
E2
        219706
                       BT1 Metals/CT
                 BT4 Materials/CT
E3
         19090
                   BT3 Granular materials/CT
E4
          3893
                     BT2 Polycrystalline materials/CT
E5
          4496
E6
          4424
                       BT1 Nanocrystalline materials/CT
                          --> Nanocrystalline metals/CT
E7
          4702
                            HNTE Valid heading during volume 126 (1997) to
                                 present.
                            UF
                                 Nanocrystalline alloys/CT
E8
E9
                            UF
                                 Nanocrystalline metals and alloys/CT
E10
         58457
                            RT
                                 Alloys/CT
E11
         14230
                            RT
                                 Nanocrystals/CT
E12
         53161
                            RT
                                 Nanoparticles/CT
         27077
                           RT
                                 Nanostructures/CT
****** END *******
=> e e6+all
E1
         19090
                 BT3 Materials/CT
E2
          3893
                   BT2 Granular materials/CT
E3
          4496
                     BT1 Polycrystalline materials/CT
E4
          4424
                        --> Nanocrystalline materials/CT
                         HNTE Valid heading during volume 126 (1997) to
                               present.
E5
                         OLD
                               Polycrystalline materials (L) nanocryst./CT
E6
                         UF
                               Nanocryst. materials/CT
E7
                         UF
                               Nanocryst. substances/CT
E8
          4702
                         NT1
                              Nanocrystalline metals/CT
E9
         14230
                         RT
                               Nanocrystals/CT
          2789
                               Nanotechnology/CT
E10
                         RT
******* END ******
=> e4+old,nt
          9115 "NANOCRYSTALLINE MATERIALS"+OLD, NT/CT (3 TERMS)
L3
=> e9+old,nt
L4
         14396 NANOCRYSTALS+OLD, NT/CT (2 TERMS)
=> e10+old,nt
L5
          3192 NANOTECHNOLOGY+OLD, NT/CT (3 TERMS)
=> e Nanostructures/CT
     FREQUENCY
                  ΑT
E#
                         TERM
- -
             0
                   2
E1
                         NANOSPHERES PHARMACEUTICAL CAPSULES/CT
E2
             O
                   2
                         NANOSTRINGS/CT
         27077
E3
                  17 --> NANOSTRUCTURES/CT
```

```
NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANODISKS/CT
             0
                   4
E4
             0
                         NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANOFILMS/CT
E5
                   3
E6
             0
                   3
                         NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANOHORNS/CT
E7
             0
                   3
                         NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANOMATERIALS/CT
             0
                         NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANOPORES/CT
E8
                   4
E9
             0
                   4
                         NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANORINGS/CT
E10
             0
                   4
                         NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANORODS/CT
E11
             0
                   4
                         NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANOSPHERES/CT
E12
             0
                   3
                         NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANOSTRINGS/CT
=> e e3+all
         27077
                 --> Nanostructures/CT
E1
                   HNTE Valid heading during volume 126 (1997) to present.
                   NT1 Nanocrystals/CT
E2
         14230
                   NT1 Nanofibers/CT
E3
         3595
                     NT2 Nanowires/CT
          9176
E4
                       NT3 Molecular wires/CT
          199
E5
         53161
                   NT1 Nanoparticles/CT
E6
                   NT1 Nanotubes/CT
E7
         34904
                   NT1 Nanowires/CT
E8
         9176
           199
                   NT2 Molecular wires/CT
E9
          2125
                   NT1 Semiconductor nanostructures/CT
E10
E11
         12805
                   RT
                        Grain boundaries/CT
                        Mesophase/CT
E12
         1431
                   RT
                        Nanocomposites/CT
E13
         20074
                   RT
E14
          4702
                   RT
                        Nanocrystalline metals/CT
E15
           989
                   RT
                        Nanomachines/CT
E16
          2789
                   RT
                        Nanotechnology/CT
E17
          2810
                   RT
                        Quantum size effect/CT
****** END *******
=> e1+nt
        132111 NANOSTRUCTURES+NT/CT (8 TERMS)
=> e15+old,nt
L7
           989 NANOMACHINES+OLD, NT/CT (1 TERM)
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:14:41 ON 07 AUG 2007)
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:14:56 ON 07 AUG 2007
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:16:41 ON 07 AUG 2007
                E NANOPART/CT
                E E6+ALL
                SET AUTOSEARCH ON
L1
          53543 E3+OLD
                E E13+ALL
L2
          20415 E2+OLD
                E NANOCRYSTALLINE METALS/CT
                E E3+ALL
                E E6+ALL
L3
           9115 E4+OLD, NT
L4
          14396 E9+OLD, NT
           3192 E10+OLD, NT
L5
                E NANOSTRUCTURES/CT
                E E3+ALL
Lб
         132111 E1+NT
L7
            989 E15+OLD, NT
=> e nano/ct
     FREQUENCY
E#
                  AΤ
                         TERM
```

```
0
                          NANNUP/CT
E1
                    1
E2
              0
                    1
                          NANNUS/CT
E3
              0
                      --> NANO/CT
E4
              0
                    1
                          NANO-/CT
              0
                    1
                          NANO2/CT
E5
E6
              6
                    5
                          NANOARCHAEOTA/CT
E7
              5
                    5
                          NANOARCHAEUM/CT
             28
                    5
                          NANOARCHAEUM EQUITANS/CT
E8
                    5
E9
             22
                          NANOBACTERIUM/CT
E10
             2
                    5
                          NANOBACTERIUM SANGUINEUM/CT
             0
                          NANOBAGRUS/CT
E11
                   11
                          NANOBAGRUS STELLATUS/CT
E12
             1
                   11
=> e nanotech/ct
     FREQUENCY
                          TERM
E#
                   AT
     _____
                   - -
                          NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANOSPHERES/CT
             0
E1
                    4
                          NANOSTRUCTURES (L) NANOSTRINGS/CT
E2
             0
                    3
E3
             0
                      --> NANOTECH/CT
E4
             0
                    2
                          NANOTECHNOL./CT
E5
          2789
                    9
                          NANOTECHNOLOGY/CT
                    9
E6
             0
                          NANOTHAMNUS/CT
E7
             1
                    9
                          NANOTHAMNUS SERICEUS/CT
                    2
E8
             0
                          NANOTUBE/CT
                          NANOTUBE CARBON FIBERS/CT
E9
             0
                    3
E10
         34904
                   10
                          NANOTUBES/CT
E11
             0
                   13
                          NANOTUBES (L) CARBON/CT
E12
             0
                   19
                          NANOTUBES (L) CARBON FIBERS/CT
=> e e10+all
E1
         61998
                  BT2 Particles/CT
E2
         35928
                   BT1 Clusters/CT
                    BT1 Nanostructures/CT
E3
         27077
E4
         34904
                           Nanotubes/CT
                        HNTE Valid heading during volume 126 (1997) to present.
                        OLD Capillary tubes and channels (L) nanotubes/CT
E5
E6
                        UF
                             Nanotube/CT
E7
         11184
                        RT
                             Fullerenes/CT
E8
          3595
                        RT
                             Nanofibers/CT
                        RTCS Boron nitride/CT
E9
                        RTCS Carbon/CT
****** END ******
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:14:41 ON 07 AUG 2007)
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:14:56 ON 07 AUG 2007
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:16:41 ON 07 AUG 2007
                E NANOPART/CT
                E E6+ALL
                SET AUTOSEARCH ON
L1
          53543 E3+OLD
                E E13+ALL
L2
          20415 E2+OLD
                E NANOCRYSTALLINE METALS/CT
                E E3+ALL
                E E6+ALL
           9115 E4+OLD, NT
L_3
L4
          14396 E9+OLD,NT
L5
           3192 E10+OLD,NT
                E NANOSTRUCTURES/CT
                E E3+ALL
```

```
L6
         132111 E1+NT
L7
            989 E15+OLD, NT
                E NANO/CT
                E NANOTECH/CT
                E E10+ALL
=> 11-7
        157756 (L1 OR L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7)
L8
=> 18 (1) (thu or pac or dma or pkt)/rl
        921421 THU/RL
        334994 PAC/RL
         41278 DMA/RL
         42306 PKT/RL
L9
            21 L8 (L) (THU OR PAC OR DMA OR PKT)/RL
=> d sca
L9
      21 ANSWERS
                   HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
     ICM A61L029-00
IC
     ICS A61B001-00; A61B008-12
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 39, 57
{f T}{f I}
     Mechanically strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins and
     nanocarbons
ST
     medical tube resin nanocarbon mech strength; low friction medical tube
     polyamide nanocarbon; carbon nanofiber polyamide elastomer medical tube
IT
     Nanotubes
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carbon fibers; mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins
        and nanocarbons)
IT
    Nanocomposites
        (mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins and
        nanocarbons)
ΙT
     Polyamides, biological studies
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins and
        nanocarbons)
     Carbon fibers, biological studies
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (nanotube; mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins and
        nanocarbons)
IT
     Synthetic rubber, biological studies
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (polyamide; mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins and
        nanocarbons)
IT
    Medical goods
        (tubes; mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins and
        nanocarbons)
IT
     25038-74-8
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (assumed monomers; mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing
        resins and nanocarbons)
IT
     24937-16-4, Nylon 12
    RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins and
        nanocarbons)
IT
     7440-44-0, Carbon, biological studies
```

RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nanocarbons; mech. strong, low-friction medical tubes containing resins and nanocarbons) HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):. 21 ANSWERS HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 1 Medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application medical device antibacterial coating implant controlled release Drug delivery systems (implants, controlled-release; medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) Drug delivery systems (implants; medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) Drug delivery systems (injections, i.v.; medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) Anti-infective agents Antibiotics Coating materials Coating process Crosslinking agents Fillers (medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) Glycols, biological studies Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) Latex (medical goods; medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) Nanocrystalline metals RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (silver and its salt; medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) Drug delivery systems (topical; medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) Medical goods (tubes; medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application) 55-56-1, Chlorhexidine 64-19-7D, Acetic acid, salt 526-95-4D, D-Gluconic acid, salt 7440-22-4D, Silver, salt 7647-01-0D, 14808-79-8, Sulphate, biological studies Hydrochloric acid, salt 20667-12-3, Silver oxide 25322-68-3, Peg 57029-18-2, Polyhexamethylene biguanidine hydrochloride 85721-33-1, Ciprofloxacin RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (medical coating materials comprising antibacterial agents with improved releasing rate and its application)

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):.

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 21 ANSWERS L9

IC ICM A61K033-38

L9

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ST

IT

IT

IT

TТ

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

ICS A61K033-24 INCL 424618000; X42-464.9 1-6 (Pharmacology) Section cross-reference(s): 7, 63 Method of induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix ΤI metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals ST apoptosis induction matrix metalloproteinase inhibition antimicrobial metal; tumor apoptosis antimicrobial metal atomic disorder nanocrystal; inflammatory cell release matrix metalloproteinase inhibition noble metal; ulcer treatment nanocryst silver coated dressing TΤ Fibers RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (CM cellulose, coated with atomic disordered nanocryst. silver, gelled; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Electrolytes (active atoms, ions, or clusters release from metal in contact with water-based; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Alcohols, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (active atoms, ions, or clusters release from metal in contact with; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Respiratory distress syndrome (acute, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Peritoneum, disease (adhesion, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Skin, disease (aging, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) TT RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (alginate, coated with atomic disordered nanocryst. silver, gelled; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Antiarteriosclerotics (antiatherosclerotics; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Nanocrystalline metals RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antimicrobial; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Inflammation (central nervous system, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) Biliary tract, disease ΙT (cholestasis, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Disease, animal (collagenase-induced, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Joint, anatomical (disease, degeneration, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and

inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or

noble metals)

```
IT
     Noble metals
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity);
     THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (disordered nanocryst.; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
     Metals, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity);
     THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (disordered, antimicrobial nanocryst.; induction of apoptosis and
        inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or
        noble metals)
IT
     Medical goods
        (dressings, antimicrobial metals as coating on or filler in; induction
        of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using
        antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
TΤ
     Drug delivery systems
        (drops; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Skin, disease
        (epidermolysis bullosa, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and
        inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or
        noble metals)
TT
     Polyolefin fibers
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (ethylene, DELNET, Conformant 2, bilayer nanocrystal. silver coating on
        dressing of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (gels; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Hyperplasia
        (hepatic, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Liver, disease
        (hyperplasia, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of
        matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Shock (circulatory collapse)
        (hypovolemic, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of
        matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Laminated materials
        (in silver-coated dressings; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of
        matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Animals
     Anti-AIDS agents
     Anti-inflammatory agents
     Antiarthritics
     Antiasthmatics
     Antibacterial agents
     Antirheumatic agents
     Antitumor agents
     Antiulcer agents
     Apoptosis
     Coagulase-negative Staphylococcus
     Cytotoxic agents
     Fusobacterium
     Human
     Wound healing promoters
        (induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases
        using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Central nervous system, disease
        (inflammation, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of
        matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Cell
```

(inflammatory, prevention of excessive release of matrix metalloproteinases from; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) TT Drug delivery systems (infusions; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Pseudomonas aeruginosa Staphylococcus aureus (inhibition of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Drug delivery systems (instillations; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Disease, animal (joint degeneration, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Eye, disease (keratoconus, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Capillary vessel, disease (leakage syndrome, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Drug delivery systems (ligs.; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) ΙT Drug delivery systems (lotions; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Antimicrobial agents (metals; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) ΙT Drug delivery systems (mists; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Cytokines Tumor necrosis factors RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (modulation of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Intestine, disease Ureter, disease (obstruction, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Drug delivery systems (ointments, creams; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Drug delivery systems (ointments; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Drug delivery systems (pastes; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Drug delivery systems (powders, nanocryst.; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Inflammation (prevention of excessive release of matrix metalloproteinases from cells of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) IT Artery, disease (restenosis, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of

matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)

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IT
     Eye
        (sclera, scleritis, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition
        of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble
        metals)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (solns.; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (sprays; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Esophagus, disease
     Urethra
        (strictures, treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of
        matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (topical; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Human immunodeficiency virus
        (treatment of infection with; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of
        matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     Asthma
     Atherosclerosis
     Bone, disease
     Cachexia
     Cardiovascular system, disease
     Hyperplasia
     Liver, neoplasm
     Lung, neoplasm
     Melanoma
     Multiple sclerosis
     Neoplasm
     Osteoarthritis
     Periodontium, disease
     Rheumatoid arthritis
     Skin, disease
     Skin, neoplasm
     Ulcer
     Wound
        (treatment of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     7732-18-5, Water, uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (active atoms, ions, or clusters release from metal in contact with
        electrolyte based on; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix
        metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     79955-99-0, Stromelysin
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study,
     unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (and stromelysin-like matrix metalloproteinases, inhibition of;
        induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases
        using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     419573-92-5, Sontara 8411
                                419573-93-6, L 00562-6
                                                          419573-94-7, Stratex
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (as layer in silver-coated dressings; induction of apoptosis and
        inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or
        noble metals)
IT
     9004-32-4, Carboxymethyl cellulose
                                          9005-32-7, Alginic acid
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (fibers, coated with atomic disordered nanocryst. silver, gelled;
        induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases
        using antimicrobial metals or noble metals)
IT
     146126-21-8, Glyceryl polymethacrylate
```

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (in gels containing nanocryst. silver powder; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) 146480-35-5, Matrix metalloproteinase 2 146480-36-6, Matrix metalloproteinase 9 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) 7440-05-3, Palladium, biological studies 7440-06-4, Platinum, biological 7440-22-4, Silver, biological studies 7440-57-5, Gold, studies biological studies 7782-44-7D, Oxygen, composites with antimicrobial metals RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) 9040-48-6, Gelatinase 9001-12-1, Collagenase 141907-41-7, Matrix metalloproteinase RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (inhibition of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) 20667-12-3, Silver oxide RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (layer on dressing; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) 419574-56-4, Purilon gel RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (mixed with atomic disordered nanocryst. silver, gelled; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) 159777-72-7, DuoDERM RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nanocryst. silver powder combined with gel of; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) 94-13-3, Propyl paraben 99-76-3, Methyl paraben 9003-20-7, Polyvinyl acetate RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (silver gels containing; induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals or noble metals) HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):. 21 ANSWERS HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ICM A61K033-38 INCL 424618000 1-12 (Pharmacology) Section cross-reference(s): 78 Nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their therapeutic use nitric oxide complex prodn therapeutic Nanocrystalline metals

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Silcryst; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their

(capsules; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their

(inhalants; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their

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therapeutic use)

therapeutic use)

Drug delivery systems

Drug delivery systems

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therapeutic use)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (injections; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their
        therapeutic use)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (lozenges; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their
        therapeutic use)
     Body fluid
IT
     Drug delivery systems
     Human
     Physiological saline solutions
     Prophylaxis
        (nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their therapeutic
use)
TT
     Chemicals
        (nitrogen containing; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production,
and their
        therapeutic use)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their
therapeutic
        use)
TT
     Drug delivery systems
        (powders; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their
        therapeutic use)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (suppositories; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their
        therapeutic use)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tablets; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their
        therapeutic use)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tapes; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their
        therapeutic use)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (topical; nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their
        therapeutic use)
IT
     10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FMU (Formation, unclassified);
     PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their therapeutic
use)
IT
     7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, miscellaneous 7727-37-9, Nitrogen,
     miscellaneous
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their therapeutic
use)
ΙT
     612500-11-5, Acticoat
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their therapeutic
use)
IT
     10102-43-9D, Nitric oxide, complexes
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their therapeutic
use)
     7440-50-8, Copper, reactions
                                    7697-37-2, Nitric acid, reactions
IT
     14797-55-8, Nitrate, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their therapeutic
use)
IT
     7440-22-4, Silver, biological studies
```

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RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and their therapeutic
use)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):.
L9
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      21 ANSWERS
CC
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
ΤI
     Carbon-nanotube biofibers
ST
     carbon nanotube hyaluronate chitosan biofiber biomaterial
IT
     Nanotubes
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carbon fibers; carbon-nanotube biofibers)
IT
     Electric conductivity
     Medical goods
     Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics
     Spinning of fibers
     Tensile strength
     Young's modulus
        (carbon-nanotube biofibers)
TT
     DNA
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carbon-nanotube biofibers)
IT
     Nanotubes
        (carbon; carbon-nanotube biofibers)
     Carbon fibers, biological studies
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nanotube; carbon-nanotube biofibers)
IT
     9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid
                                 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies
     9007-28-7, Chondroitin sulphate
                                       9012-76-4, Chitosan
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carbon-nanotube biofibers)
IT
     7440-44-0, Carbon, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nanotubes; carbon-nanotube biofibers)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):.
L9
      21 ANSWERS
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IC
     ICM A61L027-42
CC
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Carbon nanotube-reinforced plastic/ceramic composite material for bone
TТ
     repair
ST
    bone repair composite material carbon nanotube reinforced plastic ceramic
IT
    Bone
        (artificial; carbon nanotube-reinforced plastic/ceramic composite
        material for bone repair)
IT
    Nanotubes
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carbon fibers; carbon nanotube-reinforced plastic/ceramic composite
        material for bone repair)
IT
    Composites
        (carbon nanotube-reinforced plastic/ceramic composite material for bone
        repair)
IT
    Laminated plastics, biological studies
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use);
    BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carbon nanotube-reinforced plastic/ceramic composite material for bone
        repair)
IT
    Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics
        (ceramics, composites, implants; carbon nanotube-reinforced
        plastic/ceramic composite material for bone repair)
```

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Carbon fibers, biological studies
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nanotube; carbon nanotube-reinforced plastic/ceramic composite
        material for bone repair)
IT
     Ceramics
        (prosthetic implants, composite; carbon nanotube-reinforced
        plastic/ceramic composite material for bone repair)
                                 7758-87-4, Tricalcium phosphate
IT
     1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite
     Boron nitride, biological studies
                                          12125-02-9, Ammonium chloride,
     biological studies
                          14807-96-6, Talc, biological studies
                                                                  25248-42-4,
                        26009-03-0, Polyglycolic acid
     Polycaprolactone
                                                         26023-30-3,
     Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)]
                                                26063-00-3,
     Poly(hydroxybutyrate)
                             34346-01-5, Glycolic acid-lactic acid copolymer
     35054-79-6D, Hydroxybutyric acid, -hydroxycaproic acid copolymer
     80181-31-3
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carbon nanotube-reinforced plastic/ceramic composite material for bone
        repair)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):.
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L9
      21 ANSWERS
CC
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
TI
     Mechanical properties of chitosan/CNT microfibers obtained with improved
     dispersion
ST
     chitosan carbon microfiber dispersion biomaterial
IT
     Nanotubes
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (carbon fibers; mech. properties of chitosan/CNT microfibers obtained
        with improved dispersion)
     Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics
IT
        (composites; mech. properties of chitosan/CNT microfibers obtained with
        improved dispersion)
     Crosslinking
IT
     Disperse systems
     Stress-strain relationship
     Swelling, physical
     Young's modulus
        (mech. properties of chitosan/CNT microfibers obtained with improved
        dispersion)
IT
     Carbon fibers, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nanotube; mech. properties of chitosan/CNT microfibers obtained with
        improved dispersion)
IT
     9012-76-4, Chitosan
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (mech. properties of chitosan/CNT microfibers obtained with improved
        dispersion)
IT
     7440-44-0, Carbon, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nanotubes; mech. properties of chitosan/CNT microfibers obtained with
        improved dispersion)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):.
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L9
      21 ANSWERS
     ICM A61K033-00
IC
     ICS A61K033-24; A61K033-38; A61P035-00
CC
     1-6 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
TI
     Method using antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and
     inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases
```

antimicrobial metal apoptosis induction; matrix metalloproteinase inhibition cancer treatment antimicrobial metal Antibacterial agents IT Antitumor agents Apoptosis Cytotoxic agents Human Hyperplasia Liver, neoplasm Lung, neoplasm Melanoma Neoplasm Pseudomonas aeruginosa Skin, neoplasm Staphylococcus aureus (antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Nanocrystalline metals RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) Metals, biological studies IT RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (crystalline; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Medical goods (dressings; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) ΙT Drug delivery systems (drops; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Drug delivery systems (gels; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Hyperplasia (hepatic; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Liver, disease Lung, disease (hyperplasia; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Drug delivery systems (infusions; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Drug delivery systems (instillations; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Drug delivery systems (ligs.; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Drug delivery systems (lotions; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) Drug delivery systems IT (mists; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) TT Drug delivery systems (ointments, creams; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases) IT Drug delivery systems (ointments; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and

inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases)

```
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (pastes; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition
        of matrix metalloproteinases)
     Drug delivery systems
IT
        (solns.; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition
        of matrix metalloproteinases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (sprays; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition
        of matrix metalloproteinases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (topical; antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and
        inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases)
ΙT
     79955-99-0, Stromelysin
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (and stromelysin-like matrix metalloproteinases; antimicrobial metals
        for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases)
IT
     9001-12-1, Collagenase 9040-48-6, Gelatinase
                                                      141907-41-7, Matrix
     metalloproteinase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of
        matrix metalloproteinases)
     7440-05-3, Palladium, biological studies
                                                7440-06-4, Platinum, biological
IT
               7440-22-4, Silver, biological studies
                                                      7440-57-5, Gold,
     biological studies 7782-44-7D, Oxygen, composites with antimicrobial
     metals
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antimicrobial metals for induction of apoptosis and inhibition of
        matrix metalloproteinases)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):.
      21 ANSWERS HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
     56-0 (Nonferrous Metals and Alloys)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
     Manufacture of nanostructured shape-memory TiNi-based materials and their
TI
     application in medicine and engineering
ST
     review titanium nickelide shape memory alloy nanocryst material
IT
     Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics
        (implants; manufacture and medical and tech. applications of nanostructured
        shape-memory TiNi-based materials)
IT
     Mechanical properties
     Plastic deformation
     Shape memory effect
        (manufacture and medical and tech. applications of nanostructured
        shape-memory TiNi-based materials)
IT
     Nanocrystalline metals
     Shape memory alloys
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (manufacture and medical and tech. applications of nanostructured
        shape-memory TiNi-based materials)
     11110-85-3P, Nickel 50, titanium 50 (atomic)
IT
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (manufacture and medical and tech. applications of nanostructured
        shape-memory TiNi-based materials)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):.
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21 ANSWERS

63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)

CC F3

Section cross-reference(s): 3, 9, 73 Luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a tool to monitor ΤI bundle formation and dissociation in water: the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation carbon nanotube luminescence plasmid DNA complexation ST IT Nanotubes RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (carbon fibers, derivatized; luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a tool to monitor bundle formation and dissociation in water and the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation) IT Nanotubes (carbon; luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a tool to monitor bundle formation and dissociation in water and the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation) ΙT Complexation Fluorescence Genetic vectors Luminescence Plasmids рH (luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a tool to monitor bundle formation and dissociation in water and the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation) IT RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a tool to monitor bundle formation and dissociation in water and the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation) Carbon fibers, biological studies IT RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (nanotube, derivatized; luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a tool to monitor bundle formation and dissociation in water and the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation) IT 151-21-3, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a tool to monitor bundle formation and dissociation in water and the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation) IT 7440-44-0, Carbon, biological studies RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a tool to monitor bundle formation and dissociation in water and the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation) HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0 => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:14:41 ON 07 AUG 2007) FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:14:56 ON 07 AUG 2007 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:16:41 ON 07 AUG 2007 E NANOPART/CT E E6+ALL SET AUTOSEARCH ON L153543 E3+OLD E E13+ALL 20415 E2+OLD L2E NANOCRYSTALLINE METALS/CT

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E E3+ALL
                 E E6+ALL
           9115 E4+OLD, NT
L3
          14396 E9+OLD,NT
L4
           3192 E10+OLD,NT
L5
                 E NANOSTRUCTURES/CT
                 E E3+ALL
         132111 E1+NT
L6
L7
            989 E15+OLD, NT
                 E NANO/CT
                 E NANOTECH/CT
                 E E10+ALL
L8
         157756 L1-7
L9
             21 L8 (L) (THU OR PAC OR DMA OR PKT)/RL
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
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FULL ESTIMATED COST
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FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:21:52 ON 07 AUG 2007
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     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:14:56 ON 07 AUG 2007
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:16:41 ON 07 AUG 2007
                E NANOPART/CT
                E E6+ALL
                SET AUTOSEARCH ON
L1
          53543 E3+OLD
                E E13+ALL
L_2
          20415 E2+OLD
                E NANOCRYSTALLINE METALS/CT
                E E3+ALL
                E E6+ALL
L3
           9115 E4+OLD, NT
T.4
          14396 E9+OLD, NT
L5
           3192 E10+OLD, NT
                E NANOSTRUCTURES/CT
                E E3+ALL
         132111 E1+NT
L6
L7
            989 E15+OLD, NT
                E NANO/CT
                E NANOTECH/CT
                E E10+ALL
         157756 L1-7
L8
             21 L8 (L) (THU OR PAC OR DMA OR PKT)/RL
L9
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:21:52 ON 07 AUG 2007
      help
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The arrow (=>) is the system prompt, where you enter a command. For an explanation of system commands, files, formats, etc., enter "HELP" and the name of the item you want explained at an arrow prompt (=>).

Enter "HELP COMMANDS" for a list of commands that can be used in this file. Enter "HELP MESSAGES" for a list of online explanations that are available. The "?" can be used as a synonym for "HELP".

Help is also available at any prompt, and after any error message. Enter "HELP" or "?" at a prompt to see an explanation of the options. After an error message, enter "HELP" or "?" at the next prompt and you will receive a more detailed explanation of the error and how to correct it.

Automatic help is also available. When AUHELP is 'ON', you will automatically receive help following an error message. For more information on AUHELP, enter "HELP SET AUHELP" at an arrow prompt (=>).

Users who need additional assistance can contact the Help Desk at their nearest STN Service Center. Enter "HELP STN" for information on STN Service Centers. You may also choose to contact the database representative for the file you are searching, for more detailed help on database content and search strategy. For information on how to contact database representatives for the current file, enter "HELP DESK" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> e help

You may either continue the previous EXPAND listing or start a new list. To continue, take the default. To start a new EXPAND list, enter a term.

E11	61998	BT3 Particles/CT
E12	35928	BT2 Clusters/CT
E13	27077	BT2 Nanostructures/CT
E14	34904	BT1 Nanotubes/CT
E15		> Nanotubes (L) carbon/CT
E16		OLD Fullerenes (L) tubular/CT
E17		UF Carbon nanotube/CT
E18		UF Carbon nanotubes/CT
E19		UF Graphite Fibrils/CT
E20		UF Tubular fullerenes/CT
E21		UF Tubulene/CT
E22		UF Tubulenes/CT
E23		UF VGCF-G/CT
*****	** END	*****

=> d 19 1-21 ibib abs YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y) /N:y

ANSWER 1 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN T.9

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:570679 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:487554

TITLE: Carbon-nanotube biofibers

AUTHOR(S): Lynam, Carol; Moulton, Simon E.; Wallace, Gordon G. CORPORATE SOURCE: ARC Centre of Excellence for Electromaterials Science

Intelligent Polymer Research Institute, University of

Wollongong, Wollongong, NSW, 2522, Australia

SOURCE: Advanced Materials (Weinheim, Germany) (2007), 19(9),

1244-1248

CODEN: ADVMEW; ISSN: 0935-9648 Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

PUBLISHER:

LANGUAGE: English

A procedure wherein biomols. are used as both dispersant and coagulant for carbon nanotubes (CNTs) to enable wet-spinning of fibers is developed (see figure). These fibers have good mech. strength (tensile strengths up to 170 MPa) and the highest elec. conductivity (as high as 130 S cm-1) for

as-produced polymer containing CNT fibers hitherto reported.

REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1193632 HCAPLUS

145:495763 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Bucky paper as a support membrane in retinal cell

transplantation

INVENTOR(S): Loftus, David J.; Leng, Theodore; Huie, Philip;

Fishman, Harvey

The United States of America as Represented by the PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space

Administration, USA

U.S., 7pp. CODEN: USXXAM SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE ----------20061114 US 2002-238515 20020904 US 2002-238515 20020904 US 7135172 B1 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

A method for repairing a retinal system of an eye, using bucky paper on which a plurality of retina pigment epithelial cells and/or iris pigment epithelial cells and/or stem cells is deposited, either randomly or in a selected cell pattern is provided. The cell-covered bucky paper is positioned in a sub-retinal space to transfer cells to this space and thereby restore the retina to its normal functioning, where retinal damage or degeneration, such as macular degeneration, has occurred.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 3 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1063840 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:386512

Luminescence of functionalized carbon nanotubes as a TITLE:

tool to monitor bundle formation and dissociation in

water: the effect of plasmid-DNA complexation Lacerda, Lara; Pastorin, Giorgia; Wu, Wei; Prato, AUTHOR (S):

Maurizio; Bianco, Alberto; Kostarelos, Kostas

CORPORATE SOURCE: Centre for Drug Delivery Research, The School of

Pharmacy, University of London, London, WC1N 1AX, UK

Advanced Functional Materials (2006), 16(14), SOURCE:

1839-1846

CODEN: AFMDC6; ISSN: 1616-301X Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

PUBLISHER:

Functionalized carbon nanotubes (f-CNTs) are explored as novel nanomaterials for biomedical applications. UV-vis luminescence of aqueous dispersions of CNT-NH3+ and CNT-NH-Ac (NH-Ac: acetamido) is observed using standard laboratory spectrophotometric instrumentation, and the measured fluorescence intensity is correlated with the aggregation state of the f-CNTs: a high intensity indicates improved f-CNT individualization and dispersion, while a decrease in fluorescence intensity indicates a higher degree of nanotube aggregation and bundling as a result of varying the SDS

concns. and pH in the aqueous phase. Moreover, utilization of this relationship between fluorescence intensity and the state of f-CNT aggregation is carried out to elucidate the interactions between f-CNTs and gene-encoding plasmid DNA (pDNA). PDNA is shown to interact with CNT-NH3+ primarily through electrostatic interactions that lead concomitantly to a higher degree of f-CNT bundling. The CNT-NH3+/pDNA interactions are successfully competed by SDS/f-CNT surface interactions, resulting in the displacement of pDNA. These studies provide exemplification of the use of fluorescence spectrophotometry to accurately describe the aggregation state of water-soluble f-CNTs. Characterization of the complexes between pDNA and f-CNTs elucidates the opportunities and limitations of such supramol. systems as potential vectors for gene transfer.

REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1003414 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:443965

TITLE: Medical coating materials comprising antibacterial

agents with improved releasing rate and its

application

INVENTOR(S): Yin, Qin; Li, Ning

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Beijing Futaiminde Pharmaceutical Technology Co.,

Ltd., Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 14pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

CN 1833734 A 20060920 CN 2005-10053980 20050315

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2005-10053980 20050315

AB The invention pertains to a medical coating system with antibacterial agents including base layer, which consists of polyethylene oxide or

The invention pertains to a medical coating system with antibacterial agents including base layer, which consists of polyethylene oxide or polyglycol with a mol wt about 106-108 loading with medicine or bioactive substances, and outer layer, which is made from polyepoxyethane or polyglycol with low mol wt about 103-5x104 loading with medicine or bioactive substances. The outer layer is dissolved quickly to achieve the effective concentration, while the effective substances in base layer are dissolved steadily keeping the concentration for some while. The double-layer materials can be coated on medical material or apparatus for external use, intravascular use or transplantation.

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:833778 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:299159

TITLE: Nanoscale surface of carbon nanotube fibers for

medical applications: Structure and chemistry revealed

by TOF-SIMS analysis

AUTHOR(S): Polizu, S.; Maugey, M.; Poulin, S.; Poulin, P.; Yahia,

L'Hocine

CORPORATE SOURCE: LIAB, Ecole Polytechnique, Montreal, QC, H3T 1J4, Can.

SOURCE: Applied Surface Science (2006), 252(19), 6750-6753

CODEN: ASUSEE; ISSN: 0169-4332

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Surface structure and related chemical understanding is a vital element in the design of high biocompatible materials since adsorption and adhesion of biol. components are involved. These features are even more important

in the case of nanostructured materials such as carbon nanotubes (CNTs) fibers. In our preliminary work we synthesized CNTs based fibers for medical applications. This new hybrid system combines polyvinyl alc. (PVA) with CNTs and polylactic-co-glycolic acid (PLGA), a biodegradable copolymer. The surface properties of this material are investigated in order to guarantee a biocompatible response. Time-of-flight secondary ion mass spectrometry (TOF-SIMS) was found to be an ideal tool for fiber characterization owing to its capacity to provide chemical specificity combined with detection limits beyond the reach of techniques previously used. Complementary morphol. information is provided by atomic force microscopy (AFM). The corroboration of both data enables us to define the chemical and structure of this new formulation.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:444869 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:258515

TITLE: Mechanical properties of chitosan/CNT microfibers

obtained with improved dispersion

AUTHOR(S): Spinks, Geoffrey M.; Shin, Su Ryon; Wallace, Gordon

G.; Whitten, Philip G.; Kim, Sun I.; Kim, Seon Jeong

CORPORATE SOURCE: Intelligent Polymer Research Institute, University of

Wollongong, Australia

SOURCE: Sensors and Actuators, B: Chemical (2006), B115(2),

678-684

CODEN: SABCEB; ISSN: 0925-4005

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V. DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Sournal English

AB Composite fibers composed of chitosan and single-wall carbon nanotubes (CNTs) have been fabricated with a wet spinning method. The dispersion was improved by sonic agitation of CNTs in a chitosan solution and then centrifugation to remove tube aggregates and residual catalyst. Raman spectroscopy was used to measure the CNT state in solution, the form of the microfibers, and the crosslinking effect. The mech. behavior was investigated with dynamic mech. anal. (DMA). Mech. testing showed a dramatic increase in Young's modulus for the chitosan/CNT composite fibers fabricated using the improved dispersion method. The wet mech. properties were also improved by addition of CNT while the pH sensitivity of the microfibers was largely unchanged.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 7 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:241507 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:376400

TITLE: Electrospun polycaprolactone/carbon nanofiber

composites for bone tissue scaffolds

AUTHOR(S): Desphande, Hamani; Jose, Moncy V.; Thomas, Vinoy;

Green, Keith; Gray, Nicole; Nyairo, Elijah; Dean,

Derrick

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Materials Science and Engineering,

University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, AL,

35216, USA

SOURCE: PMSE Preprints (2006), 94, 390-391

CODEN: PPMRA9; ISSN: 1550-6703

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (computer optical disk)

LANGUAGE: English

AB Porous nanocomposite scaffolds based on the nanofibrous biodegradable polymer, poly(s-caprolactone) (PCL) and modified carbon nanofibers were prepared by electrostatic spinning. Incorporation of 0.1 wt% CNF resulted in a 63% increase in tensile modulus and 50% increase in tensile

strength.

16 REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 8 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L9

2005:1176811 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:446855

TITLE: Methods for modulating thermal and mechanical

properties of coatings on implantable devices

Hossainy, Syed Faiyaz Ahmed; Tang, Yiwen; Borgankow, INVENTOR(S):

Harshad; Desnoyer, Jessica Renee; Pacetti, Stephen D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 18 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION	
US 2005245637 A1 20051103 US 2004-835 WO 2005110508 A2 20051124 WO 2005-USI WO 2005110508 A3 20060526	
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BF, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EF, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KF, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MF, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ	E, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, E, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, K, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, C, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, S, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA,
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BC EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CN MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	G, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, T, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
EP 1755698 A2 20070228 EP 2005-741	
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, F1 IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE US 2005288481 A1 20051229 US 2005-187	E, SI, SK, TR
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-835 US 2004-855 US 2005-115	7467 20030722 5656 A 20040430 5294 A2 20040526 5631 A2 20050426 14511 W 20050427
AB Methods for modulating and enhancing thermal and m	9020 A2 20050429

Methods for modulating and enhancing thermal and mech. properties and biocompatibilities of coatings on implantable devices are disclosed. Implantable devices containing the enhanced thermal and mech. properties and biocompatibilities are also described. The implantable devices can be used to treat a medical condition such as vulnerable plaque or restenosis. The Penta stents were primed with a composition containing 200 µg PolyAspirin PX261 in a concentration of 2% in chloroform and dried in an oven at 80 °C for 30 min. The primed stents were then coated with a composition containing 400

μg mixture of 180 μg PolyAspirin PX510, 20 μg PEG, and 200 μg paclitaxel in a total concentration of 2% in chloroform and dried at about 80 °C for 45 min in an oven.

ANSWER 9 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:985217 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:260412

TITLE: Nitric oxide-containing complexes, the production, and

their therapeutic use

INVENTOR(S): Stiles, James Alexander Robert; Field, David James PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Can.

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE					APPLICATION NO.				DATE				
	WO 2006016263			A1 20050908 A2 20060216										20050303 20050303				
					A3 20060420					2003 152437				20030303				
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	ĎΕ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	
•		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	
		SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	
		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	
		CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,	GM,	
		KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	
		ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM												
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 2	004-	5496	56P]	P 20	040	303	
				-				-			_			-				-

NO-containing complexes, as well as methods of making and using such complexes are disclosed. The complexes of the invention may be used to treat a subject having a NO-related condition.

ANSWER 10 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:592138 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:103362

TITLE:

Gecko-like fasteners for a surface having a polymeric

film or a fibrous web of disposable articles

INVENTOR(S):

Lindsay, Jeffrey Dean; Chen, Fung-jou; Yu, Lisha;

Efremova, Nadezhda

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 26 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

		KIND		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PRIC AB	US 2005148984 RITY APPLN. INFO.: A disposable absorb having adhesive hai effective to adhesi or a fibrous web. gecko-like fastener hairs arising from top section, a heigthan about 0.05 µ. surface-initiated paself-assembled more-beam irradiation	Al pent art rs disp vely er In anot includ the sub jht of a Thus, polymeri poolayer using s	20050707 cicle has a reposed on a subgrage an opposed on a substruction of a substruction of a hypothetic cation for prof 4'-nitrostencil mask	US 2003-747923 US 2003-747923 sanofabricated attachment of the hard strate wherein the hard sing surface having a part, the absorbent article attachment of the absorbent article attachment of the second and a plurality of the second as a section, midselved about 8 mm, and a diameter of the second synthetic set of the second secon	20031229 20031229 at means ars are colymeric film cle has a adhesive ection, and ameter greater was illustrated. was exposed to surface,
	groups into amino g (cAMBT). CAMBT ser	roups, ved as	thus forming an asym. azo	nd conversion of the te 4'-amino-1,1-biphenyl- initiator for surface mer (styrene) initiated	4-thiol initiated
	radical polymerizat	ion res	sulted in a p	olymer layer formation	at the irradiated

areas only. Due to decomposition of surface bound, asym. phenylazoalkyl initiator, polymerization was only initiated on the surface and not in the bulk.

ANSWER 11 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1.9

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:85058 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:54980

TITLE: Manufacture of nanostructured shape-memory TiNi-based

materials and their application in medicine and

engineering

Pushin, V. G.; Valiev, R. Z. AUTHOR (S):

Inst. Metal Phys. RAS (Ural Division), Yekaterinburg, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Russia

SOURCE: Konstruktsii iz Kompozitsionnykh Materialov (2004),

> (4), 55-63CODEN: KKMOBD

FGUP VIMI PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: Russian

A brief review of modern developments in designing and investigation of bulk nanostructured shape memory TiNi-based alloys is presented. Fundamental phys. and mech. properties of these materials, traditional and novel technologies for their production in high strength state, including methods of severe plastic deformation, ultra-high-speed solidification, liquid-solid synthesis of cermets, are considered. Some applications for engineering and as medical implants are discussed.

ANSWER 12 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:54222 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:120630

TITLE: Mechanically strong, low-friction medical tubes

containing resins and nanocarbons

INVENTOR(S): Soma, Katsuaki Terumo Corp., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE ------------------------JP 2003-182902 JP 2005013495 Α 20050120 20030626 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-182902 20030626

The medical tubes have at least one layer formed from composite materials comprising resin matrixes and dispersed nanocarbons. A tube (outer diameter 0.9 mm) formed from a mixture comprising 95 weight parts polyamide elastomer and 5 weight parts carbon nanofibers (average outer diameter .apprx.150 nm, average

length approx. 10-20 μm) showed sliding resistance [when pulled after insertion in a polyethylene tube (inner diameter 1.05 mm)] 140 g and tensile breaking strength 5400 g/mm2.

ANSWER 13 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:205580 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:111646

TITLE: Carbon nanotube-reinforced high polymer composite

material for bone repair

INVENTOR(S): Hu, Ping; Fang, Zhuangxi; Wang, Dongrui PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tsinghua University, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 7 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent ' LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

CN 1381277 A 20021127 CN 2002-117633 20020510
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2002-117633 20020510

AB The composite material is prepared from poly(hydroxy fatty acid ester) (such as poly(hydroxybutyrate), hydroxybutyric acid- hydroxyvaleric acid copolymer, or hydroxybutyric acid-hydroxy caproic acid copolymer) 75-97, C nanotube-based material 3-10, nucleating agent (such as NH4Cl, BN, or talc) 0-1, and degradation regulator (such as polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, polycaprolactane, or glycolic acid-lactic acid copolymer) 0-15%.

L9 ANSWER 14 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:205579 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:111645

TITLE: Carbon nanotube-reinforced plastic/ceramic composite

material for bone repair

INVENTOR(S): Hu, Ping; Wang, Dongrui; Fang, Zhuangxi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tsinghua University, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 7 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

CN 1381276 A 20021127 CN 2002-117632 20020510
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2002-117632 20020510

AB The composite material is prepared from poly(hydroxy fatty acid ester) (such as poly(hydroxybutyrate), hydroxybutyric acid- hydroxyvaleric acid copolymer, or hydroxybutyric acid-hydroxy caproic acid copolymer) 40-90, apatite ceramic (such as hydroxyapatite or tricalcium phosphate) 10-50, C nanotube-based material 3-10, nucleating agent (such as NH4Cl, BN, or talc) 0-1, and degradation regulator (such as polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, polycaprolactone, or glycolic acid-lactic acid copolymer) 0- 15%.

L9 ANSWER 15 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:971784 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:19917

TITLE: Nanocrystalline, homometallic, protective coatings for

orthopedic prosthesis

INVENTOR(S): Namavar, Fereydoon
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Spire Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 16 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION	NO. DATE
		·	
US 2003229399	A1 20031	1211 US 2002-1663	798 20020611
US 7048767	B2 20060)523	
WO 2003103735	A1 20031	L218 WO 2003-US18	3222 20030611
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU,	AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR,	BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU,	CZ, DE, DK,	DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES,	FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU,	ID, IL, IN,	IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,	KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU,	LV, MA, MD, I	MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,	MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,

PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 2003239213 A1 20031222 AU 2003-239213 20030611 US 2006282172 A1 20061214 US 2006-438482 20060522 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-166798 A 20020611

WO 2003-US18222

W 20030611

AB The present invention provides orthopedic prosthesis having at least one metallic component that includes a metallic substrate on which an integrally formed nano-crystalline coating is formed. The coating and the substrate have at least one metallic constituent in common having an average atomic concentration in the coating that differs from an average atomic concentration in the

substrate by less than about 10 percent. Further, the nanocryst. coatings includes crystalline grains with an average size in a range of about 1 to 999 nm.

and more preferably in a range of about 10 to 200 nm. A transition region that exhibits a graded reduction in average grain size separates the coating from

the substrate. The coating advantageously exhibits an enhanced hardness, and a high degree of resistance to corrosion and wear. In one application, the nanocryst. coatings of the invention are utilized to form articulating surfaces of various orthopedic devices. The metallic substrate comprises a Co-Cr-Mo alloy and nanocryst. coating comprises Co-Cr.

REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 16 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:817929 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:302078

TITLE: Methods of treating skin and integument conditions

with metal-containing compounds

INVENTOR(S): Burrell, Robert E.; Gillis, Scott H.; Schechter, Paul;

Wright, John B.; Lam, Kan; Yin, Hua Qing

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 40 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 159,587.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 24

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US	2003194444	A1	20031016	US 2002-277362	20021022
US	2002192298	A1	20021219	US 2001-840637	20010423
US	7008647	B2	20060307		
US	2002051824	A1	20020502	US 2001-916757	20010727
US	6692773	B2	20040217		
US	2003021854	A1	20030130	US 2002-131568	20020423
US	2003054046	A1	20030320	US 2002-131511	20020423
US	6939568	B2	20050906		
US	2003086977	A1	20030508	US 2002-128208	20020423
US	6989156	B2	20060124		
US	2003099718	A1	20030529	US 2002-131509	20020423
US	7087249	B2	20060808		
US	2003072810	A1	20030417	US 2002-159587	20020530
US	7001617	B2	20060221		
CA	2500836	A1	20040506	CA 2003-2500836	20031022

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             OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM,
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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                                                                 A2 20031022
                                             US 2003-690774
                                                                 A2 20031022
                                             WO 2003-US33446
                                                                 W 20031022
AB
     Methods of treating skin and integument conditions, particularly with
     for example, an antimicrobial material, an antibacterial material, an
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metal-containing compds., are disclosed. The metal-containing material can be, anti-inflammatory material, an anti-fungal material, an anti-viral material, an anti-cancer material, a pro-apoptosis material, and/or an MMP modulating material. In certain embodiments, the metal-containing material is an atomically disordered, silver-containing material. Patients with psoriasis were treated with dressings coated with nanocryst. silver.

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L9
    ANSWER 17 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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A2

20040506

20031022

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:300447 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:297627

TITLE:

Method of induction of apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals Burrell, Robert Edward; Wright, John Barrymore; Lam,

INVENTOR(S):

Kan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Can.

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 131,568.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 24 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003072810	A1	20030417	US 2002-159587	20020530
US 7001617	B2	20060221		
US 2002192298	A1	20021219	US 2001-840637	20010423
US 7008647	B2	20060307		
US 2003021854	A1	20030130	US 2002-131568	20020423
US 2003054046	A1	20030320	US 2002-131511	20020423
US 6939568	B2	20050906		
US 2003086977	A1	20030508	US 2002-128208	20020423
US 6989156	B2	20060124		
US 2003099718	A1	20030529	US 2002-131509	20020423
US 7087249	B2	20060808		
US 2003180378	A1	20030925	US 2002-277298	20021022
US 6989157	B2	20060124		
US 2003185901	A 1	20031002	US 2002-277358	20021022
US 2003194444	A1	20031016	US 2002-277362	20021022
US 2003206966	A1	20031106	US 2002-277320	20021022
US 2003203046	A1	20031030	US 2003-364983	20030212
US 7078060	B2	20060718		
US 2004131698	A1	20040708	US 2003-690724	20031022
US 2004129112	A1	20040708	US 2003-690774	20031022
US 2004191329	A1	20040930	US 2003-690715	20031022
US 2004176312	A1	20040909	US 2004-770132	20040202
US 7201925	B2	20070410		
US 2005129624	A1	20050616	US 2004-985204	20041110
US 2005136128	A1	20050623	US 2004-998499	20041129
US 2006115541	A1	20060601	US 2005-250516	20051014
US 2006083777	A1	20060420	US 2005-284506	20051122
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-285884P	P 20010423
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			US 2002-131511	A2 20020423
			US 2002-131568	A2 20020423
			US 2000-628735	B2 20000727
			US 2001-916757	A2 20010727
			US 2002-159587	A2 20020530
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			US 2002-277673	A1 20021022
			US 2003-690715	A2 20031022
			US 2003-690724	A2 20031022
			US 2003-690774	A2 20031022

AB The invention relates to a method to induce apoptosis and to inhibit matrix metalloproteinases in a disease condition in a human or animal by contacting hyperplastic tissue, tumor tissue, or a cancerous lesion with one or more antimicrobial metals, preferably formed with atomic disorder, and preferably in a nanocryst. form. In another aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of preventing excessive release of matrix metalloproteinases from an inflammatory cell in a disease condition in a human or an animal by contacting the cell with a therapeutically effective amount of a noble metal in a crystalline form characterized by atomic disorder, or

with a solution derived therefrom to provide a modulatory effect on one or more matrix metalloproteinases, wherein the one or more noble metals is formed with atomic disorder, and preferably in a nanocryst. form. The nanocryst. antimicrobial or noble metal of choice may be used in the form

of a nanocryst. coating of one or more antimicrobial or noble metals, a nanocryst. powder of one or more antimicrobial or noble metals, or a solution containing dissolved species from a nanocryst. powder or coating of one or more antimicrobial or noble metals. Patients with non-healing venous stasis ulcers were treated with a nanocryst. silver-coated dressing. The levels of active MMP-9 and TNF- α were reduced in fluid samples

recovered from the ulcers treated with the silver-coated dressings.

REFERENCE COUNT: 212 THERE ARE 212 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

ANSWER 18 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2003:77338 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:117642

TITLE: Method of induction of apoptosis and inhibition of

matrix metalloproteinases using antimicrobial metals

Burrell, Robert Edward; Wright, John Barrymore; Lam, INVENTOR (S):

Kan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 840,637.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 24

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
US 2003021854	A1	20030130	US 2002-131568		20020423
US 2002192298	A1	20021219	US 2001-840637		20010423
US 7008647	B2	20060307			
AT 322274	${f T}$	20060415	AT 2002-721904		20020423
ES 2261659	Т3	20061116	ES 2002-2721904		20020423
US 2003072810	A 1	20030417	US 2002-159587		20020530
US 7001617	B2	20060221			
US 2003180378	A1	20030925	US 2002-277298		20021022
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US 2003194444	A1	20031016	US 2002-277362		20021022
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US 2003203046	A1	20031030	US 2003-364983		20030212
US 7078060	B2	20060718			
US 2004131698	A1	20040708	US 2003-690724		20031022
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US.2001-285884P	P	20010423
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US 2002-277358 A2 20021022 US 2002-277362 A2 20021022 US 2002-277673 A1 20021022 US 2003-690715 A2 20031022 US 2003-690724 A2 20031022 US 2003-690774 A2 20031022

AB The invention relates to a method to induce apoptosis and to inhibit matrix metalloproteinases in a disease condition in a human or animal by contacting hyperplastic tissue, tumor tissue, or a cancerous lesion with one or more antimicrobial metals, preferably formed with atomic disorder, and preferably in a nanocryst. form. The nanocryst. antimicrobial metal of choice may be used in the form of a nanocryst. coating of one or more antimicrobial metals, a nanocryst. powder of one or more antimicrobial metals, or a solution containing dissolved species from a nanocryst. powder or coating of one or more antimicrobial metals.

L9 ANSWER 19 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:832636 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:304764

TITLE: Method using antimicrobial metals for induction of

apoptosis and inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases Burrell, Robert Edward; Wright, John Barrymore; Lam,

INVENTOR(S): Bur

Nucryst Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 24

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

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PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
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                                          . WO 2002-CA548
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                          A2
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AB The invention discloses a method to induce apoptosis and to inhibit matrix metalloproteinases in a disease condition in a human or animal by contacting hyperplastic tissue, tumor tissue, or a cancerous lesion with one or more antimicrobial metals, preferably formed with atomic disorder, and preferably in a nanocryst. form. The nanocryst. antimicrobial metal of choice may be used in the form of a nanocryst. coating of one or more

antimicrobial metals, a nanocryst. powder of one or more antimicrobial metals, or a solution containing dissolved species from a nanocryst. powder or coating of one or more antimicrobial metals.

L9 ANSWER 20 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:332588 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:335276

TITLE: Treatment of hyperproliferative skin disorders and

diseases with a nanocrystalline noble metal

ADDITENTION NO

חאיזים

INVENTOR(S): Burrell, Robert Edward; Wright, John Barrymore; Lam,

Kan

KIMD

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nucryst Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 628,735, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXCO

שיתעת

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 24

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE		
	US 2002051824	A1	20020502	US	2001-916757		20010727	
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	US 6989157	B2	20060124					
	US 2003180379	A1	20030925	US	2002-277673		20021022	
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	US 2003194444	A1	20031016	US	2002-277362		20021022	
	US 2003206966	A1	20031106	US	2002-277320		20021022	
	US 2003203046	A1	20031030	US	2003-364983		20030212	
	US 7078060 ·	B2	20060718					
	US 2004131698	A1	20040708	US	2003-690724		20031022	
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	US 2005129624	A1	20050616	US	2004-985204		20041110	
	US 2005136128	A1	20050623	US	2004-998499		20041129	
	US 2006115541	A1	20060601	US	2005-250516		20051014	
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	2000-628735	B2	20000727	
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				US	2001-840637	A2	20010423	
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				US	2002-128208	A 2	20020423	
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					2002-277358		20021022	
					2002-277362		20021022	
					2002-277673		20021022	
ΆB	One or more noble m	netal (silver, gold.	กโล	tinum nalladium	1) iz	าล	

AB One or more noble metal (silver, gold, platinum, palladium) in a nanocryst. form is used for the treatment of a hyperproliferative skin disorder or disease, e.g. psoriasis. Among the noble metals, silver is preferred for such treatment. The nanocryst. noble metal of choice may be used in the form of a nanocryst. coating of one or more noble metals, a nanocryst. powder of one or more noble metals, or a solution containing dissolved

species from a nanocryst. powder or coating of one or more noble metals.

L9 ANSWER 21 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:107131 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:129050

TITLE: Noble metals in nanocrystalline form for the treatment

of hyperproliferative skin conditions

INVENTOR(S): Burrell, Robert Edward; Wright, John Barrymore; Lam,

Kan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nucryst Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 24

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	CENT	NO.		,	KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		D	ATE	
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AB The invention discloses the use of one or more noble metals selected from silver, gold, platinum, and palladium but most preferably silver, in a nanocryst. form, for the treatment of a hyperproliferative skin disorder or disease, e.g. psoriasis. Among the noble metals, silver is preferred for such treatment. The nanocryst. noble metal of choice may be used in the form of a nanocryst. coating of one or more noble metals, a nanocryst. powder of one or more noble metals, or a solution containing dissolved species from a nanocryst. powder or coating of one or more noble metals.

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Enter the name you wish to use for the saved query,
answer set, or L-number list. The name must:

- 1. Begin with a letter,
- 2. Have 1-12 characters,
- 3. Contain only letters (A-Z) and numbers (0-9),
- 4. End with /Q for a query (search profile, structure, or screen set), /A for an answer set, or /L for an L-number list.
- 5. Not already be in use as a saved name,
- 6. Not be END, SAV, SAVE, SAVED

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Enter the name you wish to use for the saved query,
answer set, or L-number list. The name must:

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- 2. Have 1-12 characters,
- 3. Contain only letters (A-Z) and numbers (0-9),
- End with /Q for a query (search profile, structure, or screen set), /A for an answer set, or /L for an L-number list.
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- 6. Not be END, SAV, SAVE, SAVED
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 1.26 92.53

FULL ESTIMATED COST

1.26 92.53

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

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LAST RELOADED: Aug 3, 2007 (20070803/UP).

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38332 NANOPAR?/TI
           908 TAXANE/TI
           652 TAXANES/TI
          1536 TAXANE/TI
                 ((TAXANE OR TAXANES)/TI)
          4243 PACLITAXEL/TI
            11 PACLITAXELS/TI
          4254 PACLITAXEL/TI
                 ((PACLITAXEL OR PACLITAXELS)/TI)
          1631 DOCETAXEL/TI
          2569 TAXOL/TI
            21 TAXOLS/TI
          2584 TAXOL/TI
                 ((TAXOL OR TAXOLS)/TI)
L2
            83 (NANOPAR?/TI AND (TAXANE/TI OR PACLITAXEL/TI OR DOCETAXEL/TI OR
               TAXOL/TI))
=> d 1-83 ti
     ANSWER 1 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
1.2
     Polylactide-paclitaxel nanoparticles with controlled
TI
     sizes and toxicities
     ANSWER 2 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
1.2
     Use of nanoparticles comprising paclitaxel and albumin
TT
     in combination with chemotherapeutic agents or radiation for treatment of
     cancer
     ANSWER 3 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
1.2
     Disruption of HepG2 cell adhesion by gold nanoparticle and
TT
     Paclitaxel disclosed by in situ QCM measurement
     ANSWER 4 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L2
     A phase I and pharmacokinetic study of NK105, a paclitaxel
ΤI
     -incorporating micellar nanoparticle formulation
     ANSWER 5 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L2
     Radiosensitization of paclitaxel, etanidazole and
ΤI
     paclitaxel+etanidazole nanoparticles on hypoxic human
     tumor cells in vitro
     ANSWER 6 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L2
TI
     Synthesis of high loading and encapsulation efficient paclitaxel
     -loaded poly(n-butyl cyanoacrylate) nanoparticles via
     miniemulsion
     ANSWER 7 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
1.2
     PEGylated poly(lactide-co-qlycolide) (PLGA) nanoparticulate
TΙ
     delivery of docetaxel: synthesis of diblock copolymers,
     optimization of preparation variables on formulation characteristics and
     in vitro release studies
     ANSWER 8 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L2
     Modified Paclitaxel-loaded Nanoparticles for
TI
     Inhibition of Hyperplasia in a Rabbit Arterial Balloon Injury Model
L2
     ANSWER 9 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
     A novel technique for loading of paclitaxel-PLGA
TТ
     nanoparticles onto ePTFE vascular grafts
     ANSWER 10 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L2
     Preparation of alkyl-chitosan nanoparticles and its application
TI
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as a carrier system for paclitaxel

=> s l1/ti

- L2 ANSWER 11 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Poly(vinyl alcohol)-graft-poly(lactide-co-glycolide) nanoparticles for local delivery of paclitaxel for restenosis treatment
- L2 ANSWER 12 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel conjugate block copolymer nanoparticle formation by flash nanoprecipitation
- L2 ANSWER 13 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI The effect of paclitaxel-loaded nanoparticles with radiation on hypoxic MCF-7 cells
- L2 ANSWER 14 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Composition of solid liposome nanoparticles of taxol substances and its manufacture method
- L2 ANSWER 15 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Antitumor nanoparticles containing docetaxel and stabilizers and polymer coatings for increased stability
- L2 ANSWER 16 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation, characterization and in vitro cytotoxicity of paclitaxel-loaded sterically stabilized solid lipid nanoparticles
- L2 ANSWER 17 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Antitumor nanoparticle composition of taxane
 -cyclodextrin clathrate compound and its preparation process
- L2 ANSWER 18 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel nanoparticle inhibits growth of ovarian cancer xenografts and enhances lymphatic targeting
- L2 ANSWER 19 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Nanoparticle albumin-bound paclitaxel for treatment of metastatic breast cancer
- L2 ANSWER 20 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel-loaded lipid nanoparticles prepared by solvent injection or ultrasound emulsification
- L2 ANSWER 21 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI PLA/PLGA nanoparticles for sustained release of docetaxel
- L2 ANSWER 22 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Antigen protein nanoparticles comprising paclitaxel derivatives as cancer agents
- L2 ANSWER 23 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Manufacture and application of sustained-release nanoparticles containing taxol
- L2 ANSWER 24 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI NK105, a paclitaxel-incorporating micellar nanoparticle, is a more potent radiosensitizing agent compared to free paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 25 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Nanoparticulate formulations of docetaxel and analogues
- L2 ANSWER 26 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

- TI Susceptibility of nanoparticle-encapsulated paclitaxel to P-glycoprotein-mediated drug efflux
- L2 ANSWER 27 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Determination of paclitaxel in paclitaxel-loaded PLA nanoparticles by HPLC
- L2 ANSWER 28 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- Nanoparticles of poly(D,L-lactide)/methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-poly(D,L-lactide) blends for controlled release of paclitaxel
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- TI Paclitaxel nanoparticles: production using compressed CO2 as antisolvent: characterization and animal model studies
- L2 ANSWER 30 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI In-vivo efficacy of novel paclitaxel nanoparticles in paclitaxel-resistant human colorectal tumors
- L2 ANSWER 31 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI The drug encapsulation efficiency, in vitro drug release, cellular uptake and cytotoxicity of paclitaxel-loaded poly(lactide)-tocopheryl polyethylene glycol succinate nanoparticles
- L2 ANSWER 32 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Docetaxel nanoparticle and its preparation
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- TI Studies on paclitaxel-loaded methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)/poly(L-lactic acid) diblock copolymer nanoparticles
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- TI Hydrophobically modified glycol chitosan nanoparticles as carriers for paclitaxel
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- TI Paclitaxel-Loaded Poly(γ -glutamic acid)-poly(lactide) Nanoparticles as a Targeted Drug Delivery System against Cultured HepG2 Cells
- L2 ANSWER 36 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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- TI Self-Assembled Biodegradable Nanoparticles Developed by Direct Dialysis for the Delivery of Paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 38 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI In vitro and in vivo studies on vitamin E TPGS-emulsified poly(,-lactic-co-glycolic acid) nanoparticles for paclitaxel formulation
- L2 ANSWER 39 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel-loaded poly(γ -glutamic acid)-poly(lactide) nanoparticles as a targeted drug delivery system for the treatment of liver cancer
- L2 ANSWER 40 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Phase III trial of nanoparticle albumin-bound paclitaxel compared with polyethylated castor oil-based paclitaxel in women with breast cancer

- L2 ANSWER 41 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Phase I and pharmacokinetics trial of ABI-007, a novel nanoparticle formulation of paclitaxel in patients with advanced nonhematologic malignancies
- L2 ANSWER 42 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Nanoparticle albumin-bound paclitaxel for metastatic breast cancer
- L2 ANSWER 43 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel repackaged in an albumin-stabilized nanoparticle: handy or just a dandy?
- L2 ANSWER 44 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel-loaded PLGA nanoparticles: Potentiation of anticancer activity by surface conjugation with wheat germ agglutinin
- L2 ANSWER 45 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(L-lactic acid) copolymer nanoparticles as delivery vehicles for paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 46 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Biodegradable Paclitaxel-loaded Nanoparticles and Stent Coatings as Local Delivery Systems for the Prevention of Restenosis
- L2 ANSWER 47 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation and in vitro anticancer activity of wheat germ agglutinin (WGA)-conjugated PLGA nanoparticles loaded with paclitaxel and isopropyl myristate
- L2 ANSWER 48 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel-loaded biodegradable nanoparticles developed by direct dialysis and electrohydrodynamic atomization methods
- L2 ANSWER 49 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Enhanced antiproliferative activity of transferrin-conjugated paclitaxel-loaded nanoparticles is mediated via sustained intracellular drug retention
- L2 ANSWER 50 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Formulating Paclitaxel in Nanoparticles Alters Its Disposition
- L2 ANSWER 51 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Comparative Preclinical and Clinical Pharmacokinetics of a Cremophor-Free, Nanoparticle Albumin-Bound Paclitaxel (ABI-007) and Paclitaxel Formulated in Cremophor (Taxol)
- L2 ANSWER 52 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Cellular recognition of paclitaxel-loaded polymeric nanoparticles composed of poly(γ-benzyl L-glutamate) and poly(ethylene glycol) diblock copolymer end-capped with galactose moiety
- L2 ANSWER 53 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI NK105, a paclitaxel-incorporating micellar nanoparticle formulation, can extend in vivo antitumour activity and reduce the neurotoxicity of paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 54 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Studies on paclitaxel-loaded nanoparticles of amphophilic block copolymer
- L2 ANSWER 55 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Method for preparing taxol nanoparticle

- L2 ANSWER 56 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI A folate receptor-targeted lipid nanoparticle formulation for a lipophilic paclitaxel prodrug
- L2 ANSWER 57 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI In vitro and in vivo evaluation of actively targetable nanoparticles for paclitaxel delivery
- L2 ANSWER 58 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel-Loaded Gelatin Nanoparticles for Intravesical Bladder Cancer Therapy
- L2 ANSWER 59 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Efficacy of transferrin-conjugated paclitaxel-loaded nanoparticles in a murine model of prostate cancer
- L2 ANSWER 60 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel nanoparticles for the potential treatment of brain tumors
- L2 ANSWER 61 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Paclitaxel-loaded amphiphilic copolymer nanoparticles
- L2 ANSWER 62 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Current trials of a nanoparticle albumin-bound taxane formulation in metastatic breast cancer
- L2 ANSWER 63 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Nanoparticles of biodegradable polymers for clinical administration of paclitaxel
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- TI Injection formulation of paclitaxel employing solid lipid nanoparticles (SLN)
- L2 ANSWER 65 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI PLGA/TPGS Nanoparticles for Controlled Release of Paclitaxel: Effects of the Emulsifier and Drug Loading Ratio
- L2 ANSWER 66 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Production of nanoparticles of paclitaxel and albumin
- L2 ANSWER 67 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Effect of surfactant on fabrication and characterization of paclitaxel-loaded polybutylcyanoacrylate nanoparticulate delivery systems
- L2 ANSWER 68 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation and characterization of long-circulating solid lipid nanoparticles containing paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 69 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Poly(ethylene oxide)-modified poly(β-amino ester)
 nanoparticles as a pH-sensitive biodegradable system for
 paclitaxel delivery
- L2 ANSWER 70 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI A novel controlled release formulation for the anticancer drug paclitaxel (Taxol): PLGA nanoparticles containing vitamin E TPGS
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- TI Paclitaxel-loaded PLGA nanoparticles: preparation,

- physicochemical characterization and in vitro anti-tumoral activity
- L2 ANSWER 72 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Sustained Reduction of In-Stent Neointimal Growth With the Use of a Novel Systemic Nanoparticle Paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 73 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Phase I and pharmacokinetic study of ABI-007, a cremophor-free, protein-stabilized, nanoparticle formulation of paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 74 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Formulations of paclitaxel and its derivatives or analogs entrapped into nanoparticles of polymeric micelles
- L2 ANSWER 75 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI In vitro and in vivo study of two kinds of long-circulating solid lipid nanoparticles containing paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 76 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Intraarterial chemotherapy with polyoxyethylated castor oil free paclitaxel, incorporated in albumin nanoparticles (ABI-007): Phase I study of patients with squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck and anal canal: preliminary evidence of clinical activity
- L2 ANSWER 77 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Formulations of paclitaxel, its derivatives or its analogs entrapped into nanoparticles of polymeric micelles, process for preparing same and the use thereof
- L2 ANSWER 78 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI In vitro and in vivo study of two types of long-circulating solid lipid nanoparticles containing paclitaxel
- L2 ANSWER 79 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Formulations of paclitaxel entrapped into nanoparticles of polymeric micelles
- L2 ANSWER 80 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Enhanced cytotoxicity of paclitaxel incorporated in solid lipid nanoparticles against human glioma cells
- L2 ANSWER 81 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Release of taxol from nanoparticles composed of poly(γ -benzyl-L-glutamate) and polyethylene oxide diblock copolymer endcapped with sugar moiety.
- L2 ANSWER 82 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Release of taxol from nanoparticles composed of poly(γ -benzyl-l-glutamate) and poly(ethylene oxide) diblock copolymer endcapped with sugar moiety
- L2 ANSWER 83 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- TI Novel Taxol formulation: polyvinylpyrrolidone nanoparticle-encapsulated Taxol for drug delivery in cancer therapy
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- L2 ANSWER 83 OF 83 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1997:28333 CAPLUS
- DN 126:108839
- TI Novel Taxol formulation: polyvinylpyrrolidone